SUMMARY: The document below is the Prerogative Court of Canterbury copy of the will, dated 28 October 1557 and proved 10 February 1558, of John Tyrrell of Columbine Hall, grandson of Sir James Tyrrell (d. 6 May 1502) of Gipping, Suffolk, alleged murderer of the two young sons of King Edward IV imprisoned in the Tower, and great-grandson of William Tyrrell (d.1462) of Gipping. William Tyrrell of Gipping was beheaded at Tower Hill on 23 February 1462 with John de Vere (1408-1462), 12th Earl of Oxford, and the Earl's eldest son and heir, Aubrey de Vere. See the entry for Sir James Tyrrell (c.1455-1502) in the *ODNB*; Richardson, Douglas, *Magna Carta Ancestry*, 2nd ed., 2011, Vol. III, pp. 184-5; and the pedigree of Tyrrell of Gipping in Metcalfe, Walter C., ed., *The Visitations of Suffolk*, (Exeter: William Pollard, 1882), p. 74 at:

http://archive.org/stream/visitationsofsuf00harvuoft#page/74/mode/2up.

The testator was the son of James Tyrrell (1475?-1538), for whose will see TNA PROB 11/26/266. The testator's mother was Anne Hotoft, who brought the manor of Columbine Hall alias Thorney Columbers near Stowupland, Suffolk (see http://www.columbinehall.co.uk/about/history) into the family. At his father's death on 7 September 1538, the manor passed to the testator, who mortgaged it (see Copinger, W.A., *The Manors of Suffolk; Notes on Their History and Devolution: The Hundreds of Samford, Stow, and Thedwestry*, vol. 6 (Manchester: Taylor, 1910), pp. 231-2 at:

https://archive.org/stream/cu31924092579592#page/n241/mode/2up.

At the testator's death, his four children were minors. The exact date and circumstances under which the family parted with Columbine Hall are unknown, but it was acquired by John Gardiner, who died childless and bequeathed it to members of the Carey family in tail. After a lawsuit circa 1593 it came into the possession of Sir Robert Carey (1560-1639), the youngest son of the Queen's first cousin, Henry Carey, 1st Baron Hunsdon. See Powell, G. H., ed., *Memoirs of Robert Carey, Earl of Monmouth*, (London: Alexander Moring Limited, 1905), pp. 30-2 at:

https://archive.org/stream/memoirsofrobertc00monmiala#page/30/mode/2up.

It seems likely that the testator's mother, Anne Hotoft, predeceased the testator's father, and that the latter remarried, as by 1528 a James Tyrrell was married to Margery (nee) Kelly Carew, the widow of John Carew. John Carew was the son and heir of Sir William Carew (d.1501), and the grandson of Joan Courtenay (died c.1465), who married, as her second husband, Sir Robert Vere (died c.1461). Joan Courteney and Sir Robert Vere were Oxford's great-great-grandparents. For the will of Sir William Carew (d.1501), see TNA PROB 11/12/390. See also the pedigree of Carew of Bury St Edmunds in *The Visitations of Suffolk*, p. 187 (in which 'Celley Delond' may be a mistranscription of 'Kelly of London') at:

http://archive.org/stream/visitationsofsuf00harvuoft#page/186/mode/2up.

See also:

http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/a2a/records.aspx?cat=045-705349_1-1&cid=-1#-1

[no title] DD/TB/36/16/1-4 1528

4 docs.

Contents:

The judgement of John Fitzjames and Robert Brudenell, two of the King's Justices, in the dispute between John Calwoodleigh, gent and Alice Coryton, widow, James Tyrell and Margery his wife (formerly Margery Carew) concerning lands in East and West Stoodleigh, Mere and Cove.

See also the entry for Margery Kelly Carew Tyrrell at:

http://www.kateemersonhistoricals.com/TudorWomenK.htm.

In the will below the testator mentions his brothers, Thomas Tyrrell and James Tyrrell. He also mentions his cousin, Sir John Tyrrell (d.1574) of Gipping (only son and heir of Sir Thomas Tyrrell (d.1551) of Gipping), who married Elizabeth Munday, the daughter of Sir John Munday or Mundy (d.1537), Lord Mayor of London. For the will of Sir John Tyrrell (d.1574), see TNA PROB 11/56/322. For the will of Sir John Munday (d.1537), see TNA PROB 11/27/118. For the will of Sir Thomas Tyrrell (d.1551), see TNA PROB 11/34/309.

The name of the testator's first wife is unknown. In the will below he refers to his second wife as 'Ele, my wife that now is'. According to the probate clause Ele had previously been married to a husband surnamed Mackwilliam by whom she had a son, Edward Mackwilliam, who was granted administration of the testator's estate during the minority of the testator's four children, Thomas, John, Elizabeth and Prudence. It thus appears that Ele's first husband was Henry Mackwilliam (d.1539), who had himself previously been married to Anne Spelman, daughter of the judge and law reporter, Sir John Spelman (c.1480-1586). For the will of Henry Mackwilliam, dated 6 June 1539 but not proved until 27 January 1558, see TNA PROB 11/40/37. See also *Transactions of the Essex Archaeological Society*, Vol. II, New Series, (Colchester: W. Wiles, 1884), p. 110 at:

https://books.google.ca/books?id=Uhc5AQAAMAAJ&pg=PA108&lpg=PA108&dq=%2 2edward+mackwilliam%22&source=bl&ots=eX3HUhOnvE&sig=qTKL29Ff_hsp3VcL6 xTt9hcUpu8&hl=en&sa=X&ei=18P3VIO-

IZHboATYyYLoDA&ved=0CCQQ6AEwAQ#v=onepage&q=%22edward%20mackwilli am%22&f=false.

The testator's second wife, Ele, is said to have been the daughter and heiress of John Leye of Leyes, by Anne Lucy, the daughter of Sir Thomas Lucy. See *Transactions of the Essex Archaeological Society*, Vol. II, New Series, (Colchester: W. Wiles, 1884), p. 110 at:

https://books.google.ca/books?id=Uhc5AQAAMAAJ&pg=PA108&lpg=PA108&dq=%2 2edward+mackwilliam%22&source=bl&ots=eX3HUhOnvE&sig=qTKL29Ff_hsp3VcL6 xTt9hcUpu8&hl=en&sa=X&ei=18P3VIO-

IZHboATYyYLoDA&ved=0CCQQ6AEwAQ#v=onepage&q=%22edward%20mackwilliam%22&f=false.

Ele's maternal grandfather would thus appear to have been Sir Thomas Lucy of Charlecote, in whose will, dated 31 July 1525 and proved 24 July 1527, provision is made for the marriages of this three daughters, including his eldest daughter, Anne. See TNA PROB 11/23/4. For the Lucy pedigree, see also Dugdale's *Antiquities of Warwickshire* at p. 399:

https://archive.org/stream/antiquitiesofwar00dugd#page/n9/mode/2up.

As noted above, administration of the testator's estate was granted to Ele's son by her first marriage, Edward Mackwilliam, who appears to have been a gentleman retainer of Oxford's father, John de Vere, and was bequeathed £10 in his will. For the will of John de Vere, 16th Earl of Oxford, see TNA PROB 11/46/247.

RM: T{estamentum} Ioannis Tyrrell

In the name of God, Amen. Written the 28th day of the month of October Anno Domini 1557 and in the 4th and 5 years of the reign of our Sovereign Lord and Lady Philip and Mary by the grace of God King and Queen of England, France, Spain and both Sicilies, Jerusalem and Ireland, Defenders of the Faith etc., I, John Tyrrell of Columburye in Thorney, hamlet unto Stonemarket, being whole of mind and of good and perfect remembrance, praise be unto Almighty God, ordain and make this my present testament concerning my last will:

First and principally I commend and bequeath my soul unto Almighty God and to all the company of heaven, and my body to be buried within the church of Saint Peter's in Stowmarket by my friends, and for the breaking of the ground there I give 5s;

Item, to the high altar there for my tithes negligently forgotten and not paid 20d;

Item, I will that Ele, my wife that now is, shall have my house called Columbers with all my lands thereto belonging and all other lands and tenements lying within Stow or elsewhere with all commodities and profits to them belonging as I had them the time and term of her life natural, bringing up my two sons and my two daughters with meat, drink, clothing and learning honestly;

And after my said wife's decease I will that Thomas Tyrrell, my son, shall have all those my said lands and tenements before recited to him and to his heirs upon this condition following:

Modern spelling transcript copyright ©2015 Nina Green All Rights Reserved http://www.oxford-shakespeare.com/ First I will that my son, John Tyrrell, shall have 40s a year out of my said lands term of his life, and to each of my two daughters, Elizabeth and Prudence, to each of them 40 marks apiece to be paid to them within three years after my said son, Thomas, have enjoyed his lands if my said daughters be then married, or else at their day of marriage to be paid £5 to each of them at a pay [sic?] yearly till the said sum to them before given be paid;

Item, I charge my son, Thomas Tyrrell, of my blessing that he shall not vex nor trouble his mother term of her life, but that she shall hold and enjoy all my said lands and tenements before to her given;

Item, I will and charge my said son also that he trouble none of those persons that I have bargained and sold any of my lands to, and to them stand bounden unto for the performance of the same;

Item, I give and bequeath to Ele, my wife, all my stuff of household and implements and all other my goods and chattels, jewels, plate and all my apparel, paying my debts that I do owe by good specialty, and see me honestly brought to th' earth;

Item, I will that Bartholomew, my servant, be paid 10s that he laid out for me at London, and 30s for his wages due, and all the rest of my servants to be truly paid their wages, and to remain 14 days after my burial in my house with meat, drink and lodging, and then peaceably to depart;

Whom [sic?] I ordain and make Ele, my wife, my sole executrix of this my last will for to do for me according to the true intent and meaning of the same;

In witness that this is my true testament and last will and my full mind and intent I have set to my seal the day & year above-written in the presence of my cousin, Sir John Tyrrell, knight, and John Fleg, my servant, with other;

Item, I will that my brother, Thomas Tyrrell, and my brother, James Tyrrell, shall be paid their yearly annuities out of my manor of Columbers. By me, John Flegge.

Decimo die mensis ffebruarij Anno Dominj Mill $\{es\}$ imo Quingentesimo quinquagesimo septimo Emanauit com $\{m\}$ issio Edwardo Mackwill $\{ia\}$ m generos $\{o\}$ fr $\{atr\}$ i vterino naturali et $\{egi\}$ timo Thome Iohannis Elizabeth $\{e\}$ et Prudencie Tyrell liberor $\{um\}$ pred $\{i\}$ c $\{t\}$ i defuncti ad admi $\{ni\}$ strand $\{um\}$ bona iura et credita ip $\{s\}$ ius def $\{unct\}$ i ad viam intestat $\{i\}$ deceden $\{tis\}$ eo $q\{uo\}$ d Ela Rel $\{i\}$ c $\{t\}$ a et executrix vnica no $\{m\}$ i $\{n\}$ ata in test $\{ament\}$ o predict $\{o\}$ ant $\{e\}$ q $\{uam\}$ on $\{er\}$ is &c ab hac luce migrauit De bene &c durante minor $\{e\}$ etate d $\{i\}$ c $\{t\}$ or $\{um\}$ liberor $\{um\}$ &c ad $\{an\}$ c $\{t\}$ a $\{a\}$ dei Eu $\{a\}$ ng $\{elia\}$ iurat $\{o\}$

[=On the tenth day of February in the year of the Lord the thousand five hundred seventh a grant issued to Edward Mackwilliam, gentleman, natural and legitimate uterine brother of Thomas, John, Elizabeth and Prudence Tyrrell, children of the foresaid deceased, to administer the goods, rights and credits of the same deceased by way of an intestacy, by reason that Ele, relict and sole executrix named in the testament aforesaid, died before [+assuming] the burden [+of the execution of the said testament], sworn on the Holy Gospels to well etc., during the minority of the said children.]